UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

Case 2:12-cv-00262-WCO Document 60-11 Filed 08/13/13 Page 1 of 5

for the

District of Minnesota

District	or withhosota
AF Holdings, LLC	``````````````````````````````````````
Plaintiff	
${f v}.$	Civil Action No. 2:12-cv-00262-WCO
Rajesh Patel	(If the action is pending in another district, state where:
Defendant) Northern District of Georgia)
	JMENTS, INFORMATION, OR OBJECTS I OF PREMISES IN A CIVIL ACTION
To: Mark Lutz	
, a	oduce at the time, date, and place set forth below the following, and permit their inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the
Place: Paul Godfread c/o Blair Chintella	Date and Time:
100 S. 5th St., Ste. 1900 Minneapolis, MN 55402	08/20/2013 9:00 am
may inspect, measure, survey, photograph, test, or samp Place:	le the property or any designated object or operation on it. Date and Time:
	to your protection as a person subject to a subpoena, and Rule bpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so, are
Date: <u>08/04/2013</u>	
CLERK OF COURT	OR A
Signature of Clerk or Deputy	v Clerk Attorney's signature
The name, address, e-mail, and telephone number of the	attorney representing (name of party) Rajesh Patel
	, who issues or requests this subpoena, are:
Blair Chintella; 2483 Shoals Ter., Decatur, GA 30034; bo	chintel1@gmail.com; 404-831-5779.

0000 2.12 07 00202 7700 Document 00 11 1 1100 00/10/10 1 0go 2 0/0

Exhibit A

(Mr. Patel requests that all information be produced in its native original format, no copies of original signatures, for example. If a Document is electronic, please produce it in its native format or convert it to a .PDF (but only if metadata will not be lost). A paper printout is a last resort but is acceptable if an electronic Document cannot be converted to a .PDF. Please contact attorney Blair Chintella with any questions or to clarify: 404-831-5779)

Definitions

- 1. "6881" means 6881 Forensics, LLC listed on docket item 4-1 in the Prior Lawsuit.
- 2. "Action" means lawsuit that this subpoena pertains to.
- 3. "Alan Cooper" means the Person that purportedly signed the copyright assignment relevant to this Action.
- 4. "ALG" mean Anti-Piracy Law Group, LLC, an Illinois entity.
- 5. "Alpha" means Alpha Law Firm, LLC, a Minnesota LLC.
- 6. "Angel Van Den Hemel" means a paralegal of Prenda.
- 7. "AF Holdings" means the plaintiff in this Action.
- 8. "Bessemer" means Bessemer Films, LLC, Delaware and Florida entities.
- 9. "Brett Gibbs" means the attorney licensed in California that was at one point affiliated with Prenda.
- 10. "Contact Information" means all legal name, all business and residential addresses, all business and personal phone numbers, all business and personal e-mail addresses, and the Identity of all officers, directors, shareholders, employees, independent contractors, "corporate representatives" or other agents.
- "Document" means the broad meaning of that term as defined and interpreted under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, including but not limited to digital and non-digital document formats, the original of a document and each non-identical copy (whether different from the original by means of notes made on such copy or otherwise), and if the original is not in existence or subject to your control each copy, regardless of origin or location, of any handwritten, typewritten, printed, computerized, electronically stored, recorded, transcribed, punched, taped, photocopied, photostatic, "telexed," filmed, microfilmed or otherwise prepared matter, however produced or reproduced, including but not limited to all electronically stored information, email messages, letters, correspondence, memoranda, telegrams, telexes, cables, memoranda or minutes of meetings or conversations (in person or telephonic), reports, notes, computer discs, tapes and files, legal documents, electronica data and writings of every description.
- 12. "Heartbreaker" means Heartbreaker Digital, LLC, a Nevada entity.
- 13. "Individual" means a human being.
- 14. "Jayme Steele" means the relative of John Steele.
- 15. "Joseph Perea" means attorney licensed in Florida that is/was affiliated with Prenda.
- 16. "Kerry Steele" means the wife of John Steele (aka Kerry Eckenrode).
- 17. "Knowledge" or "knowledge" means any actual knowledge that a person has, facts told to a person that have not been verified (regardless of whether hearsay), speculation,

Case 2.12-6v-00202-weed | Document 00-11 | Filed 00/13/13 | Fage 3 013

experiences, and any other information pertaining to a subject matter regardless of whether have been verified as true or not.

- 18. "Livewire" means Livewire Holdings, LLC.
- 19. "Mark Lutz" means the Person that claims to be the CEO of Plaintiff.
- 20. "Nazaire" means Jacques Nazaire.
- "MCG" means Media Copyright Group, LLC, a Minnesota entity.
- 22. "MCGIP" means MCGIP, LLC, a Minnesota entity.
- "Michael Dugas" means the attorney licensed in Minnesota that is affiliated with Prenda.
- 24. "Paul Duffy" means the purported principal of Prenda.
- 25. "Paul Hansmeier" means the person deposed as a representative of AF Holdings.
- 26. "Peg Leg" means Peg Leg Productions, LLC, a Florida entity.
- 27. "Person" means any individual, corporation, proprietorship, partnership, trust, association or any other entity.
- 28. "Pertain" and "Pertaining" mean and include: refers to, contains, concerns, Describes, describes embodies, mentions, constitutes, supports, corroborates, demonstrates, proves, evidences, shows, refutes, disputes, rebuts, controverts or contradicts.
- 29. "Peter Hansmeier" means the brother of Paul Hansmeier.
- 30. "Prenda" means Prenda Law, Inc., an Illinois entity.
- 31. "Prior Lawsuit" means the lawsuit filed in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia: *AF Holdings, LLC v. Does 1,058*; 1:12-cv-00048.
- 32. "Relevant Persons" means Brett Gibbs, John Steele, Joseph Perea, Mark Lutz, Michael Dugas, Paul Duffy, Paul Hansmeier, Peter Hansmeier, Angela Van Den Hemel, Tommy Labriola, Alan Cooper, Brett Gibbs, Allan Mooney, AF Holdings, Salt Marsh, Jayme Steele, Kerry Steele, Ms. Dugas, APL, Prenda, Raymond Rogers, Heartbreaker, Media Copyright Group, MCGIP, LLC, Alpha, Livewire, VPR, Peg Leg, Bessemer, Nazaire, Guava, LLC, VPR, Inc., and 6881.
- 33. "S&H" means Steele Hansmeier, PLLC, a Minnesota PLLC.
- 34. "Salt Marsh" means the "unidentified beneficiary" trust referred to by Paul Hansmeier in his deposition on behalf of AF Holdings.
- 35. "Tommy Labriola" means the purported employee of Livewire.
- 36. "VPR" means VPR Inc., a Nevada entity.
- 37. "Work" means the allegedly copyrighted work referred to in Plaintiff's Complaint in this action and the Prior Action.

Subpoenaed Material

- 1) Any Documents that were shown or given to Paul Hansmeier in preparation for his deposition in California as a Rule 30(b)(6) designated person on behalf of AF Holding, LLC.
- 2) Any Document Pertaining to your role as an employee, officer, CEO, manager, etc. Pertaining to AF Holdings at any time.
- 3) Any Document showing the following phone number as being registered in your name: 305-743-6666.
- 4) A Document showing *each aspect* of your Contact Information for the time period beginning January 1, 2012 until August 5, 2013.

5) Any Document Pertaining to your ownership and/or control of any domains any time beginning January 22, 2010 until present, including but not limited to dangerousxxx.com and livewireholdings.com.

6) The original assignment agreement attached to the complaint in this Action.

- 7) Any Document constituting or forming part of a contract or agreement entered into or signed by you and any Person that Pertains to AF Holdings or this Action.
- 8) Any Document constituting or forming part of a contract or agreement entered into or signed by you and any of the following Persons: GoDaddy, LLC, Domains By Proxy, LLC, Heartbreaker, Right Ascension, Inc., any internet service provider, CD Universe, Automattic, Inc., Whois Privacy Protection Services, Inc., International Video Distributors, LLC, and any Relevant Person that existed on or after January 22, 2010.
- 9) Any and all telephone records or billing statements showing the time, date, and duration of phone calls made to or from Jacques Nazaire or any other Person Pertaining to this Action.
- 10) Any Documents showing a deposit of money into an account owned or accessible by you that was made by any Relevant Person Pertaining to work or services performed by you for any Person for the time period beginning January 22, 2010 until present.
- 11) Any and all Documents such as articles of formation Pertaining to the creation of the following Persons: AF Holdings, Livewire, Salt Marsh, Ingenuity 13, LLC, and any other Person of which you have/had an ownership, financial, controlling interest in or agency relationship with during any part of the time period beginning January 22, 2010 until present.
- 12) Any and all Documents Pertaining to Persons having an ownership or controlling interest in the following Persons at all times (e.g. membership or partnership agreements, stock certificates, proxy voting agreements): AF Holdings, Livewire, Salt Marsh, Ingenuity 13, LLC, and any other Person of which you have/had an ownership, financial, controlling interest in or agency relationship with during any part of the time period beginning January 22, 2010 until present.

13) Any and all Documents Pertaining to income, expenses, assets, liabilities, paychecks, and other financial type of information that Pertains to AF Holdings.

Signed August 4, 2013:

Blair Chintella

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), and (e) (Effective 12/1/07)

Case 2:12-cv-00262-WCO Document 60-11 Filed 08/13/13 Page 5 of 5

(c) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The issuing court must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction — which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees — on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- (B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the issuing court for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the issuing court must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to travel more than 100 miles from where that person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person except that, subject to Rule 45(c)(3)(B)(iii), the person may be commanded to attend a trial by traveling from any such place within the state where the trial is held;
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- (B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the issuing court may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information;
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party; or
- (iii) a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(c)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
- (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

- (d) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.
- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- (B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- (D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.
- (e) Contempt. The issuing court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena. A nonparty's failure to obey must be excused if the subpoena purports to require the nonparty to attend or produce at a place outside the limits of Rule 45(c)(3)(A)(ii).